

National Fire Plan

Department of the Interior and US Department of Agriculture
www.fireplan.gov



FY 2003 Programs in Kentucky

The USDA Forest Service (FS) and the Department of the Interior (DOI) agencies are in the third year of successful implementation of National Fire Plan (NFP) activities. The NFP was developed in August 2000, following a landmark wildland fire season, with the intent of actively responding to severe wildland fires and their impacts to communities while assuring sufficient firefighting capacity for the future. The NFP addresses five key points: Firefighting, Rehabilitation, Hazardous Fuels Reduction, Community Assistance, and Accountability.

(dollars displayed in thousands)

USDA / DOI	Actual 2002	**Estimated 2003
Preparedness	2,482	2,288
Operations		
Suppression*		
Hazardous Fuel	716	294
Rehabilitation	0	
Fire Facilities	0	
Research and Development	0	
Joint Fire Sciences	0	
Forest Health Management	103	
State Fire Assistance	1,287	1,152
Volunteer Fire Assistance /Rural Fire Assistance	280	266
Economic Action Program	0	
TOTAL	4,869	4,000

* Suppression costs for Kentucky totaled \$8 million in 2002.

** Actual funding will be displayed in the 2003 Annual Performance Report.

Program Highlights

- Eight rural fire departments in Kentucky received grants through the Rural Fire Assistance Program totaling more than \$44,000. These National Fire Plan funds will be used to provide training, equipment, and supplies to rural fire departments enhancing their preparedness for wildland fire suppression needs.

Fire Preparedness and Facilities

- Preparedness Resources
 - ≠# USDA Forest Service will maintain preparedness resources at the 2002 level.
 - ≠# Department of the Interior will maintain 1 engine.

Rehabilitation

- Rehabilitation consists of 1) immediate actions to reduce threats to public safety, property and natural and cultural resources, and 2) long-term actions to help restore healthy ecosystems and replace infrastructure damaged by fire.
- DOI funding will cover ecological stabilization, reforestation (seeding, cultural protection invasive species, contour tree felling, monitoring).
- USDA Forest Service funding will be used to improve overall watershed condition and restore severely burned forests and rangelands. Projects include reforestation, watershed restoration, road and trail rehabilitation, fish and wildlife habitat restoration, planting and seeding and preventing invasive plants.

Hazardous Fuels Reduction

- Approximately 6,400 acres are planned for hazardous fuels treatment by federal agencies; an estimated 200 acres will be treated in the wildland urban interface.
- An estimated \$294,000 will be spent on hazardous fuels treatment work.

Community Assistance

- Rural Fire Assistance (DOI): Estimated funding - \$44,000.00
 8 rural/volunteer fire departments will receive assistance from DOI.
- State Fire Assistance (FS): Estimated funding – \$1,152,000
- Volunteer Fire Assistance Program (FS): Estimated funding – \$222,000

Accountability

- DOI and USDA Forest Service developed a uniform set of performance measures to assess program effectiveness for FY 2003 and FY 2004 program measurement.
- DOI and USDA Forest Service, with input from the National Association of State Foresters, developed action plans for nearly all of the 23 tasks in the Implementation Plan for the 10-Year Comprehensive Strategy. The State Foresters and their partners are continuing to develop field guidance for fuels reduction projects.
- DOI and USDA Forest Service developed the National Fire Plan Operations and Reporting System (NFPORS), a common data collection and reporting system for gathering project plans and accomplishments.

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